10

# S. 2050

To establish a commission on inland waters policy.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

NOVEMBER 17, 2005

Ms. Snowe (for herself and Ms. Cantwell) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

## A BILL

To establish a commission on inland waters policy.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "National Inland Wa-
5	ters Policy Commission Act of 2005".
6	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
7	Congress finds that—
8	(1) the United States—
9	(A) is endowed with a vast and diverse net-

work of inland bodies of water; and

1	(B) has benefited greatly from the man-
2	agement, use, and development of those water
3	resources;
4	(2) States have primacy in adjudicating, admin-
5	istering, regulating, and allocating rights and uses
6	for intrastate waters resources;
7	(3) inland waters resources—
8	(A) are essential in meeting the need for
9	fresh water for human consumption;
10	(B) are integral to the production of food
11	and a wealth of natural resources;
12	(C) are critical to health of the natural en-
13	vironment;
14	(D) support an enormous array of bio-
15	diversity; and
16	(E) serve the country in agricultural pro-
17	duction, municipal consumption, transportation,
18	waste assimilation, energy generation, recre-
19	ation, aquaculture, industrial, and security
20	needs;
21	(4) less than 1 percent of the world's water is
22	fresh and liquid, and of that, 0.0008 percent is re-
23	newable annually for use by people and land and
24	water species;

1	(5) the availability, distribution, stability, and
2	integrity of water resources are vital to the future of
3	the economic, social, and environmental well-being of
4	the United States;
5	(6) water—
6	(A) is a dynamic and scarce resource that
7	is susceptible to—
8	(i) change as a result of direct and in-
9	direct human activity; and
10	(ii) changes in climate; and
11	(B) is subject to naturally occurring fluc-
12	tuations that affect supply, quality, and dis-
13	tribution;
14	(7) changes in inland waters can increase de-
15	mand and place added pressure on the availability
16	distribution, and integrity of water resources;
17	(8) the Federal Government has a critical role
18	in maintaining the quality and quantity of available
19	water resources while meeting new challenges for
20	usage;
21	(9) furthering scientific understanding of inland
22	waters can greatly enhance efforts to efficiently uti-
23	lize, distribute, and preserve water resources;
24	(10) because jurisdiction over, and regulation
25	of, inland waters involve Federal, State, interstate

1	and local governments, the coordination of water
2	policies between the Federal, State, and local levels
3	is essential to managing inland waters and respond-
4	ing to the demands of stakeholders;
5	(11) through the observance of the Year of
6	Clean Water beginning on October 18, 2002, the
7	United States recognized that significant progress
8	has been made in improving—
9	(A) the quality of drinking water;
10	(B) the management of wastewater; and
11	(C) the health of the country's waters, wet-
12	land, and watersheds;
13	(12) the designation of 2002–2003 as the Year
14	of Clean Water—
15	(A) renewed the Nation's commitment to
16	managing inland waters; and
17	(B) focused attention on developing new
18	approaches to meeting future challenges to the
19	value and function of water resources;
20	(13) given the rising pressure on inland waters
21	and the complexity of managing waters resources, an
22	integrated strategy for water research, use, alloca-
23	tion, and conservation is needed to ensure that poli-
24	cies for managing the Nation's inland waters ad-

1	dress emerging challenges and continue to serve the
2	Nation's water needs in the future; and
3	(14) in 2001 and 2004, the National Academies
4	of Science concluded that the level of investment in,
5	and coordination of, water resources research is in-
6	adequate to confront current pressing water issues.
7	SEC. 3. PURPOSE.
8	The purpose of this Act is to establish a commission
9	to make recommendations for a coordinated and com-
10	prehensive national inland waters policy that will pro-
11	mote—
12	(1) protection of life and property;
13	(2) responsible stewardship of inland waters re-
14	sources;
15	(3) protection of inland aquatic environments
16	and prevention of water pollution;
17	(4) enhancement of commerce and transpor-
18	tation relating to inland waters;
19	(5) resolution of conflicts among users of inland
20	waters, while recognizing climate variations;
21	(6) engagement of State and local governments
22	and the private sector in innovative approaches for
23	sustainable use of inland waters resources;
24	(7) expansion of human knowledge of inland
25	aquatic environments and the relationships among—

1	(A) inland aquatic environments;
2	(B) terrestrial environments;
3	(C) marine environments;
4	(D) extreme weather events; and
5	(E) climate;
6	(8) advancement of research, education, and
7	training in fields relating to inland waters steward-
8	ship, management, and development;
9	(9) investments in, and development and im-
10	provement of the capabilities, performance, use, and
11	efficiency of, technologies relating to—
12	(A) water distribution;
13	(B) agricultural application and drought
14	mitigation;
15	(C) pollution prevention;
16	(D) wastewater treatment;
17	(E) drinking water;
18	(F) energy production;
19	(G) instream waterflow;
20	(H) wildlife and fish habitat preservation
21	and restoration;
22	(I) food security; and
23	(J) other activities relating to inland wa-
24	ters; and

1	(10) close cooperation among all Federal agen-
2	cies, State and local governments, and the private
3	sector on matters affecting inland waters to en-
4	sure—
5	(A) coherent and consistent stewardship,
6	development, regulation, and management of
7	activities affecting inland waters;
8	(B) availability and appropriate allocation
9	of Federal resources, personnel, facilities, and
10	equipment for such activities;
11	(C) cost-effective and efficient operation of
12	Federal agencies and programs engaged in in-
13	land waters activities; and
14	(D) enhancements of partnerships with
15	State, interstate, and local governments with
16	respect to inland waters activities, including the
17	management of inland waters and identification
18	of appropriate opportunities for policymaking
19	and decisionmaking at the State and local lev-
20	els.
21	SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
22	In this Act:
23	(1) Commission.—The term "Commission"
24	means the Commission on Inland Waters Policy es-

25

tablished by section 5(a).

1	(2) Inland waters.—The term "inland wa-
2	ters" includes—
3	(A) streams;
4	(B) rivers;
5	(C) lakes (including the Great Lakes);
6	(D) ponds;
7	(E) aquifers;
8	(F) riparian areas;
9	(G) estuaries; and
10	(H) freshwater and saltwater wetlands.
11	(3) Inland waters resource.—The term
12	"inland waters resource" means a living or nonliving
13	natural, historic, or cultural resource in the environ-
14	ment of inland waters.
15	SEC. 5. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.
16	(a) Establishment.—There is established a com-
17	mission to be known as the "Commission on Inland Wa-
18	ters Policy".
19	(b) Membership.—
20	(1) Composition.—The Commission shall be
21	composed of 16 members who—
22	(A) are knowledgeable concerning inland
23	aquatic activities; and
24	(B) represent—
25	(i) State and local governments;

1	(ii) industries directly or indirectly re-
2	lating to inland waters, including aqua-
3	culture, agriculture, and manufacturing;
4	(iii) academic and technical institu-
5	tions; and
6	(iv) public-interest organizations in-
7	volved with scientific, regulatory, economic,
8	conservation, or recreational inland aquatic
9	activities.
10	(2) APPOINTMENT.—Of the members appointed
11	to the Commission—
12	(A) 4 shall be appointed by the President;
13	(B) 4 shall be appointed by the President
14	from among 8 candidates nominated by the ma-
15	jority leader of the Senate, in consultation with
16	the Committee on Commerce of the Senate;
17	(C) 4 shall be appointed by the President
18	from among 8 candidates nominated by the
19	Speaker of the House of Representatives, in
20	consultation with the Committee on Energy and
21	Commerce of the House of Representatives;
22	(D) 2 shall be appointed by the President
23	from among 4 candidates nominated by the mi-
24	nority leader of the Senate, in consultation with
25	the Committee on Commerce of the Senate; and

1	(E) 2 shall be appointed by the President
2	from among 4 candidates nominated by the mi-
3	nority leader of the House of Representatives,
4	in consultation with the Committee on Energy
5	and Commerce of the House of Representatives.
6	(3) Balance.—The membership of the Com-
7	mission shall be—
8	(A) balanced by area of expertise; and
9	(B) balanced geographically with respect to
10	each of the regions specified in subsection
11	(d)(3)(A).
12	(4) Date of appointments.—The appoint-
13	ment of a member of the Commission shall be made
14	not later than 90 days after the date of enactment
15	of this Act.
16	(c) Term; Vacancies.—
17	(1) TERM.—A member shall be appointed for
18	the life of the Commission.
19	(2) Vacancies.—A vacancy on the Commis-
20	sion—
21	(A) shall not affect the powers of the Com-
22	mission; and
23	(B) shall be filled in the same manner as
24	the original appointment was made.
25	(d) Meetings.—

1	(1) In General.—The Commission shall meet
2	at the call of the Chairperson.
3	(2) Initial meeting.—Not later than 30 days
4	after the date on which all members of the Commis-
5	sion have been appointed, the Commission shall hold
6	the initial meeting of the Commission.
7	(3) Public meetings.—
8	(A) In General.—The Commission shall
9	hold at least 1 meeting in each of—
10	(i) the Northeast;
11	(ii) the Southeast (including the Car-
12	ibbean);
13	(iii) the Southwest;
14	(iv) the Northwest;
15	(v) the Midwest; and
16	(vi) the Great Lakes region.
17	(B) Notice.—Notice of each public meet-
18	ing shall be published in the Federal Register
19	in advance of the meeting.
20	(e) Quorum.—A majority of the members of the
21	Commission shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser num-
22	ber of members may hold hearings.
23	(f) Chairperson.—

1	(1) In general.—The Commission shall select
2	a Chairperson from among the members of the Com-
3	mission.
4	(2) Duties.—The Chairperson shall supervise
5	the staff and the expenditure of the funds of the
6	Commission.
7	SEC. 6. DUTIES.
8	(a) Study.—
9	(1) In General.—The Commission shall con-
10	duct a study of all matters relating to inland waters.
11	(2) Matters to be studied.—The matters to
12	be studied by the Commission shall include, with re-
13	spect to inland waters—
14	(A) a review of the supply and demand for
15	inland waters resources and anticipated future
16	supply and demand for inland waters;
17	(B) an assessment of existing and planned
18	facilities associated with inland waters activi-
19	ties, including human resources, vessels, tech-
20	nical equipment, and scientific research facili-
21	ties;
22	(C) a review of existing and planned inland
23	waters activities and research of Federal enti-
24	ties;

1	(D)(i) a review of the cumulative effect of
2	Federal laws (including regulations) of inland
3	waters; and
4	(ii) an explanation of those laws for incon-
5	sistencies and contradictions that might ad-
6	versely affect inland waters activities, including
7	management, stewardship, conservation, and al-
8	location;
9	(E) an assessment of the relationship
10	among inland waters management regimes
l 1	among Federal, State, local, and private enti-
12	ties;
13	(F) a review of opportunities for invest-
14	ment in new products and technologies that can
15	enhance inland waters activities;
16	(G) a review of previous and ongoing Fed-
17	eral and State efforts to enhance the effective-
18	ness and integration of inland waters activities;
19	and
20	(H) a review of the effectiveness of policy
21	coordination among Federal agencies.
22	(b) Recommendations.—
23	(1) In General.—The Commission shall de-
24	velop recommendations on matters relating to inland
25	waters, including recommendations for—

1	(A) changes in those activities and re-
2	search necessary to improve efficiency and ef-
3	fectiveness and to reduce duplication of Federal
4	efforts;
5	(B) resolving the inconsistencies in the
6	laws reviewed under subsection $(a)(2)(D)(i)$ to
7	the extent practicable; and
8	(C) modifications to Federal laws or the
9	structure of executive agencies necessary to im-
10	prove the understanding, management, con-
11	servation, use, distribution, and availability of
12	inland waters.
13	(2) Limitations on recommendations.—In
14	developing recommendations under paragraph (1)
15	the Commission—
16	(A) shall give equal consideration to envi-
17	ronmental, technical feasibility, economic, and
18	scientific factors; and
19	(B) shall not make recommendations spe-
20	cific to the land or water within a single State
21	unless that land or water constitutes a unique
22	ecosystem that exists in no other State.
23	(c) Report.—
24	(1) Draft report.—Not later than 18 months
25	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commis-

- sion shall submit to the Committee on Commerce of the Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and to the Governor of each State, for comment, a draft report that contains—
  - (A) a detailed statement of the findings and conclusions of the Commission; and
    - (B) the recommendations of the Commission for such legislation and administrative actions as the Commission considers appropriate.
  - (2) Final Report.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall submit to the President and Congress a final report that includes the comments of the Governors on the draft report.

### (d) Science Advisory Panel.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission, in consultation with the National Academy of Sciences, shall establish a multidisciplinary science advisory panel to assist the Commission in carrying out the duties of the Commission under this section.
- (2) Use of Best available scientific Data.—The science advisory panel shall ensure that the scientific information considered by the Commission is based on the best available data.

#### SEC. 7. POWERS.

2	(a)	HEARINGS.—The	Commission	may	hold	such

- 3 hearings, meet and act at such times and places, take such
- 4 testimony, and receive such evidence as the Commission
- 5 considers advisable to carry out this Act.
- 6 (b) Information From Federal Agencies.—
- 7 (1) In General.—The Commission may secure
- 8 directly from a Federal agency such information as
- 9 the Commission considers necessary to carry out this
- 10 Act.
- 11 (2) Provision of Information.—On request
- of the Chairperson of the Commission, the head of
- the agency shall provide the information to the Com-
- mission.
- 15 (c) Postal Services.—The Commission may use
- 16 the United States mails in the same manner and under
- 17 the same conditions as other agencies of the Federal Gov-
- 18 ernment.
- 19 (d) GIFTS.—The Commission may accept, use, and
- 20 dispose of gifts or donations of services or property.
- 21 SEC. 8. COMMISSION PERSONNEL MATTERS.
- 22 (a) Compensation of Members.—
- 23 (1) Non-federal employees.—A member of
- the Commission who is not an officer or employee of
- 25 the Federal Government shall be compensated at a
- rate equal to the daily equivalent of the annual rate

- 1 of basic pay prescribed for level IV of the Executive
- 2 Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United
- 3 States Code, for each day (including travel time)
- 4 during which the member is engaged in the perform-
- 5 ance of the duties of the Commission.
- 6 (2) FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.—A member of the
- 7 Commission who is an officer or employee of the
- 8 Federal Government shall serve without compensa-
- 9 tion in addition to the compensation received for the
- services of the member as an officer or employee of
- the Federal Government.
- 12 (b) Travel Expenses.—A member of the Commis-
- 13 sion shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem
- 14 in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for an employee
- 15 of an agency under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title
- 16 5, United States Code, while away from the home or reg-
- 17 ular place of business of the member in the performance
- 18 of the duties of the Commission.
- 19 (c) Staff.—
- 20 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Chairperson of the
- 21 Commission may, without regard to the civil service
- laws (including regulations), appoint and terminate
- an executive director and such other additional per-
- sonnel as are necessary to enable the Commission to
- perform the duties of the Commission.

1	(2) Confirmation of executive direct
2	TOR.—The employment of an executive director shall
3	be subject to confirmation by the Commission.
4	(3) Compensation.—
5	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
6	subparagraph (B), the Chairperson of the Com
7	mission may fix the compensation of the execu
8	tive director and other personnel without regard
9	to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter
10	III of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code
11	relating to classification of positions and Gen
12	eral Schedule pay rates.
13	(B) MAXIMUM RATE OF PAY.—The rate of
14	pay for the executive director and other per
15	sonnel shall not exceed the rate payable for
16	level V of the Executive Schedule under section
17	5316 of title 5, United States Code.
18	(d) Detail of Federal Government Employ
19	EES.—
20	(1) In general.—An employee of the Federa
21	Government may be detailed to the Commission
22	without reimbursement.
23	(2) CIVIL SERVICE STATUS.—The detail of the
24	employee shall be without interruption or loss of civi

service status or privilege.

25

	10
1	(e) Procurement of Temporary and Intermit-
2	TENT SERVICES.—The Chairperson of the Commission
3	may procure temporary and intermittent services in ac-
4	cordance with section 3109(b) of title 5, United States
5	Code, at rates for individuals that do not exceed the daily
6	equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for
7	level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of
8	that title.
9	SEC. 9. REPORTS BY THE PRESIDENT.
10	(a) NATIONAL INLAND WATERS POLICY.—
11	(1) In general.—Not later than 120 days
12	after the Commission submits the final report of the
13	Commission under section $6(c)(2)$ , the President
14	shall submit to Congress a report entitled "National
15	Inland Waters Policy".
16	(2) Contents.—The report shall contain a
17	statement of proposals to implement or respond to
18	the recommendations of the Commission for a co-
19	ordinated, comprehensive, and long-range national
20	policy for the responsible use and stewardship of in-
21	land waters for the benefit of the United States.
22	(3) Consultation.—The report under para-
23	graph (1) shall be developed in consultation with the

States.

24

1	(4) Effect of Subsection.—Nothing in this
2	subsection authorizes the President to take any ad-
3	ministrative or regulatory action, or to implement a
4	reorganization plan, not otherwise authorized by
5	other law in effect as of the date of the action.
6	(b) BIENNIAL REPORT.—Not later than January 31,
7	2006, and biennially thereafter, the President shall submit
8	to Congress a report on all Federal programs relating to
9	inland waters activities, including—
10	(1) a description of each program;
11	(2) the relationship between the program and
12	other Federal programs;
13	(3) the level of funding for the program for the
14	fiscal year in which the report is submitted; and
15	(4) a projection of the level at which the pro-
16	gram will be funded for each of the following 5 fiscal
17	years.
18	SEC. 10. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
19	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
20	this Act \$8,500,000, to remain available until expended.
21	SEC. 11. TERMINATION OF COMMISSION.
22	The Commission shall terminate 120 days after the
23	date on which the Commission submits the final report
2/	of the Commission under section $6(a)(2)$